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**DEFINITIONS**

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**ADDITIONAL TELEPHONES** - See 220 - 1.01.

**ADJOINING EXCHANGES** - Exchanges whose boundaries are common at any point, except where a boundary consists of a large natural barrier.

**BASE RATE AREA** - The area served by an exchange where Primary Exchange Services are provided at basic rates. Outside of the Base Rate Area but within the same Exchange Area, Rural Flat Rates apply. See 100-3.01

**BASIC SERVICE** - Service that is limited to the offering of transmission capacity for the movement of information.

**BAUD** - The signaling speed of a channel in pulses.

**BIT** - A single binary decision or the equivalent amount of information to be transmitted or received.

**BUILDING** - A structure with outside walls and roof. Adjoining buildings with abutting walls are considered to be a single building for purposes of this Tariff when there are one or more suitable doorways in the walls at or above street level and the Company is able to route its channels through the walls.

**BUSINESS SERVICE** - See 170-2.01

**CENTRAL OFFICE** - Dial or manual switching equipment used to terminate and interconnect central office lines and trunk lines. See also definition of wire centre.

**CENTRAL OFFICE LINE** - A channel that connects one or more main telephone services directly with a central office.

**CHANNEL** - An electrical path provided by a physical conductor or otherwise, as the Company elects, for the transmission of electric energy.

**CIRCUIT** - See "Channel".

**CLASS OF SERVICE**

- When applied to customers' exchange service this is the term used to describe the character of its primary use which determines whether the business or residence rate classification applies (See 170-1.01).

- When applied to message toll service this is the term used to describe the type of message which determines whether the person-to-person or station-to-station rate classification applies.

**CLOSED CIRCUIT (VIDEO)** - A channel that connects an originating point directly with viewing equipment provided by the lessee at one or more locations. Each such location is considered to be a servicepoint.

## GENERAL TARIFF

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**DEFINITIONS**

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DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

**CONNECTING COMPANY** - A person, corporation, association or firm which operates one or more exchanges that interchange traffic with the Company.

**CONTINUOUS PROPERTY** - The portion of land occupied by a customer that does not extend beyond property occupied by another party. Where, however, a customer occupies portions of land fronting on both sides of a public thoroughfare and opposite to each other, or is the sole occupant of buildings located thereon, these portions of land are considered to be continuous property if suitable poles, conduit or enclosed passageway for the placing of channels between them or between such buildings are provided, installed and maintained by or at the expense of the customer.

**CUSTOMER** - means an individual who has requested service and for whom telephone equipment has been installed or provided in designated premises by the Company so as to provide the service.

**CUSTOMER CHANNELS** - Data channels and teletype channels operate at signaling speeds in accordance with various schedules as stated below:

- Schedule 1 - operates at signaling speeds up to and including 45 bauds.
- Schedule 2 - operates at signaling speeds up to and including 55 bauds.
- Schedule 3 - operates at signaling speeds up to and including 82.5 bauds.
- Schedule 3A - operates at signaling speeds over 82.5 bauds up to and including 150 bauds.
- Schedule 4 - similar to channels provided for voice-grade channels. When the transmission characteristics do not meet the customer's requirements, a channel conditioned to provide certain envelope delay and loss deviation characteristics, may be provided at the appropriate rates and charges.

**DUPLEX OPERATION** - Operation that provides for simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel.

**EQUIVALENT SERVICE** - Two or more central-office lines or trunk lines provided for a customer from one central-office and are arranged so that an incoming call for the telephone number listed for the group of lines is completed to any available idle line within the group.

**EXCHANGE** - See 100-1.01.

**EXCHANGE AREA** - See 100-1.01.

**EXCHANGE SERVICE** - See 100-1.03.

**EXTENDED AREA SERVICE** - Those exchanges with which toll-free dialing is permitted. See 100 - 3.01 i), ii).

**EXTRA LISTING** - See 140-4.01.

**FLAT-RATE SERVICE** - Primary exchange service furnished at a stipulated basic rate.

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**DEFINITIONS**

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DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

**FOREIGN-EXCHANGE SERVICE** - See 310-1.01.

**GRADE OF SERVICE** - The term used to describe customers' exchange service with respect to the service or equipment provided. The grades of exchange service furnished are individual line and two-party line.

**INDIVIDUAL LINE SERVICE** - A line arranged to serve only one main station. See 180-1.01.

**INITIAL SERVICE PERIOD** - The stipulated minimum period of time the Company will furnish the required services or equipment and for which the Company's charges must be paid whether or not the services are used by the customer for the whole of the period. The Initial Service Period commences from the date that service or equipment is provided.

**LESSEE** - A person, partnership, firm, body corporate or politic, government or department thereof and the legal representative thereof, which contracts for the lease of a channel.

**LOCAL CHANNEL** - See 260-2.

**LOCAL MESSAGE** - A message between two primary services in the same local-service area.

**LOCAL SERVICE** - See 100-1.03.

**LOCAL-SERVICE AREA** - See 100-1.01.

**MAIN TELEPHONE (OR MAIN STATION)**

- As used with telephone service, denotes a telephone connected to main telephone service or, if two or more telephones are connected to any such service, denotes the principal one of such telephones.
- As used with channels for telephotograph transmission, denotes a station designated by the lessee as the principal station (the term "main telephone" does not apply).

**MAIN-TELEPHONE SERVICE** - Primary exchange service which provides for the use of a central-office line.

**MESSAGE (CALL)** - A communication transmitted over facilities provided by the Company.

**NETWORK** - As used in connection with channels, denotes the channel facilities connecting two or more service points or stations of a lessee, when at all or certain times the service points or stations form a distinct operating group.

**P.B.X.** - PRIVATE BRANCH EXCHANGE.

GENERAL TARIFF

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DEFINITIONS

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DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

**PARTY-LINE SERVICE** - See 180-1.02.

**PERSON** - includes a partnership, firm body corporate or politic, government or department thereof and the legal representatives of such person.

**PREMISES** - The continuous property and the building or buildings located thereon, or the part or parts of a building, occupied at the same time by a customer. For mobile-telephone service, each mobile unit of the customer is considered a separate part of his premises.

**PRIMARY EXCHANGE SERVICES** - See 100-2.01.

**PRIMARY LISTING** - See 140-3.01.

**PUBLIC TELEPHONE SERVICE** - 150-1.01.

**RATE CENTRE** - each exchange is designated as a rate centre and the same message toll rates apply to all telephones served by one exchange.

**RESIDENCE SERVICE** - See 170-3.01.

**RURAL FLAT RATE AREA** - The area outside the Base Rate Area boundary of an Exchange Area where Rural Flat Rates apply for Primary Exchange Services. See 100-3.01

**SEMI-PUBLIC TELEPHONE SERVICE** - See 160-1.01.

**SERVICE CHARGE** - See 110-1.01.

**SERVICE POINT** - A point at which a circuit or channel is connected with equipment of a lessee; also a wire centre or rate centre of the Company to which measurement of an inter-exchange channel is made.

**SET** - See "Telephone".

**STATION**

- As used in connection with telephone service. See "Telephone".

- As used in connection with channels, denotes the termination of other equipment including the transmitting equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, at any location on the premises of a lessee and connected with any such channel.

**TELEPHONE** - A telephone instrument connected to permit the sending and receiving of messages.

**TELEPHONE NUMBER** - A distinctive designation assigned to each primary exchange service.

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**DEFINITIONS**

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DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

**TOLL OFFICE** - The operating unit for the furnishing of message toll service.

**TWO-PARTY LINE SERVICE** - A common line arranged to serve two main stations with automatic originating identification of each party and individual ringing capabilities. See 180-1.02.

**WIRE CENTRE** - A building that houses switching equipment to serve a designated geographical area. A wire centre may include one or more central offices.

**WIRE-CENTRE AREA** - The area served by a wire centre.

